

Introduction

CBIZ Compensation Consulting

Joe Rice – Director, Compensation Consulting

Your Team.

NATIONAL SCALE

6,000+

Team Members

100+

Offices

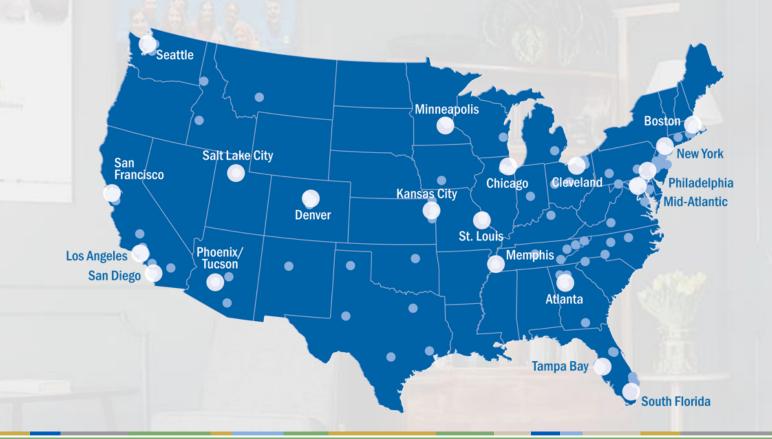
31

States

20

Major Markets

More than 100 offices and 6,000 team members in major metropolitan areas and suburban cities nationwide, serving more than 82,000 clients



About CBIZ Compensation Consulting

National compensation consulting practice for CBIZ.

Based in St. Louis, Missouri.

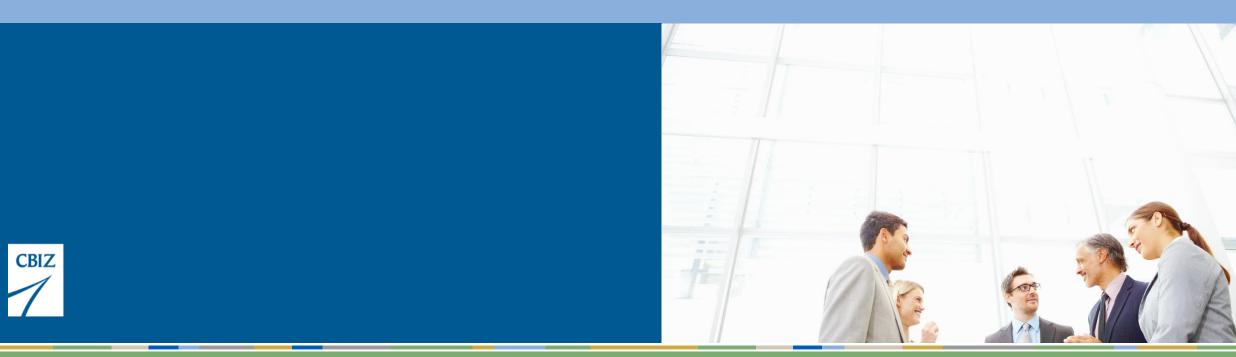
Team of compensation professionals serving clients from coast to coast.

Extensive experience working in the public sector, in particular Missouri municipalities, counties, and state agencies.

Overview

Project Overview
Recommendations
Answer Your Questions

Project Overview



What is market pricing?

VALUATION OF PAY FOR JOBS IN THE EXTERNAL LABOR MARKETS



VALUATION OF PAY

- Analyze published survey data and/or public records
- Compile statistical data



For Jobs

- Job-based exercise—not person-based
- Focused on scope of job: duties, responsibilities, qualifications, etc.



- Define the labor market
- Tied to compensation philosophy

Launched Project

Planning meeting with internal project team

- Compensation philosophy
 - Labor markets: industry, geography, size
 - Market placement

Data gathering

Collected census file, job descriptions

Project Steps

Market Analysis

Published survey data

Summarize data

- Aggregate market percentiles
- Base salary
- Total cash compensation



47.725

46,807

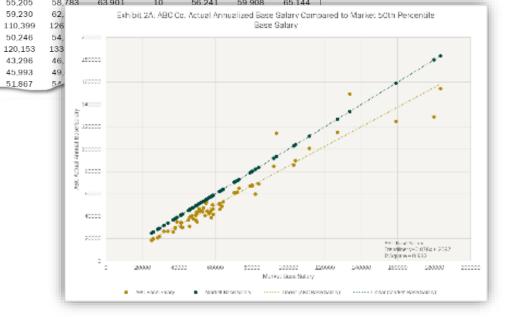
51.029

49,391

55.389

53,202

57,408



56.570

CBIZ COMPENSATION CONSULTING 9

Director, Planning & Systems

46.863

40,842

41.614

50,825

115,200

40.621

149.287

39,255

42,330

40,842

50,825

135.200

40.621

159.287

187

102

104

105

112

115

Base Salary Compared to Market 50th Percentile Base Salary



Designed Staff Salary Structure

					Midpoint
Grade	Minimum	Midpoint	Maximum	Range Spread	Differential
1	\$27,111	\$30,500	\$33,889	25%	
2	\$29,280	\$32,940	\$36,600	25%	8.0%
3	\$30,935	\$35,575	\$40,215	30%	8.0%
4	\$33,410	\$38,421	\$43,433	30%	8.0%
5	\$35,642	\$41,879	\$48,116	35%	9.0%
6	\$38,850	\$45,648	\$52,447	35%	9.0%
7	\$42,346	\$49,757	\$57,167	35%	9.0%
8	\$46,581	\$54,732	\$62,884	35%	10.0%
9	\$49,147	\$60,205	\$71,264	45%	10.0%
10	\$54,062	\$66,226	\$78,390	45%	10.0%
11	\$59,468	\$72,849	\$86,229	45%	10.0%

Designed Police Salary Structure

Grade	Minimum	Midpoint	Maximum	Range Spread	Midpoint Differential
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1P	\$36,478	\$41,038	\$45,598	25%	
2P	\$38,418	\$45,142	\$51,865	35%	10.0%
3P	\$42,260	\$49,656	\$57,051	35%	10.0%
4P	\$46,486	\$54,621	\$62,756	35%	10.0%
5P	\$51,135	\$60,083	\$69,032	35%	10.0%

Classify Jobs

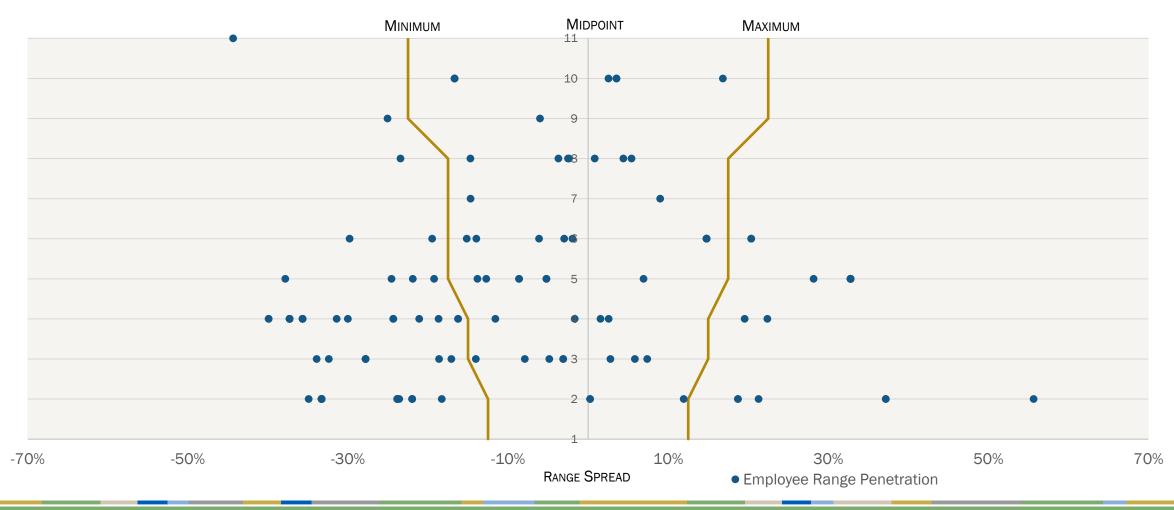
Based on relationship of market 50th to range midpoint

Rounding process

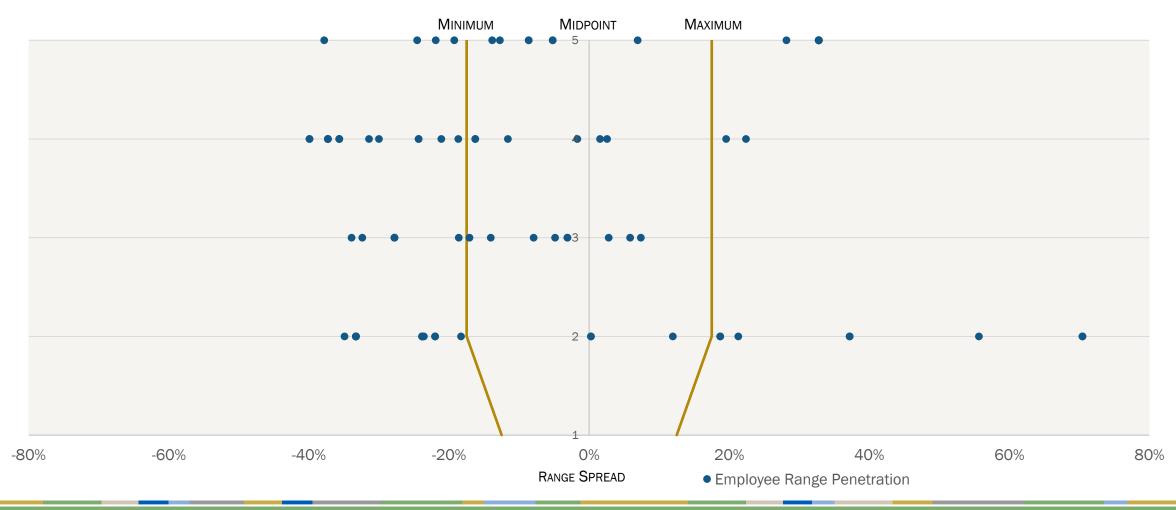
Grades are comprised of jobs with similar market value Adjustments made for internal equity

EXAMPLE:					
Job Title:	Job Title: Job XYZ				
Market Median:	Market Median: \$35,455				
Salary Grade	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Midpoint</u>	<u>Maximum</u>		
1	\$24,778	\$30,972	\$37,166		
2	\$27,398	\$35,618	\$43,837		
3	\$31,508	\$40,960	\$50,413		

Staff Structure: Employee Placement within the Proposed Salary Range



Police Structure: Employee Placement within the Proposed Salary Range



Financial Impact Analysis

Integration of structure with employee data Identify below min/above max of base pay ranges

	BELOW SALARY RANGE MINIMUM	ABOVE SALARY RANGE MAXIMUM
Number of Employees	70	23
TOTAL AMOUNT (\$)	\$278,771	\$131,682
Total Amount as a % of Payroll	3.2%	1.5%

Financial Impact Analysis

Compression adjustments provide an increase between current salary and the calculated ideal range placement.

The ideal range placement is modeled based on an employee's time in current role.

- Employees move 5% through the range per year of service (i.e., move from minimum to maximum in 20 years)
- Pay advancement is capped at 75% range penetration (i.e., 3/4 through the pay range)

	COMPRESSION ADJUSTMENTS
Number of Employees	96
TOTAL AMOUNT (\$)	\$252,339
TOTAL AMOUNT AS A % OF PAYROLL	2.9%

Preliminary results review

Met with project team to review draft results of the full analysis Evaluated market data results, survey matching, and recommendations Modeled additional implementation strategies and costs

Ongoing Administration

Draft policies and procedures

- Annual compensation planning
- Pay increase recommendations
- Hiring pay/Promotions/demotions
- Job classification/reclassification
- Assigning new jobs to the pay structure

Annual salary planning letter

- Salary increase trends
- Structure adjustments

Salary Adjustment Considerations

Compensation Study Results

Category	Rationale	Cost	% of Payroll
Increase to Minimum:	 At risk of losing employees due to pay 	\$278,771	3.2%
Compression Increase:	 Alleviate pay compression based on time in role and performance 	\$252,339	2.9%
Total Increases). -	\$531,110	6.1%

Recommendations



Salary Actions

Start the process to increase all employees to the minimum of their respective proposed salary ranges.

- The range minimum represents the level at which entry-level pay can be considered market-competitive.
- Implementation of the compensation plan should occur uniformly across all positions to avoid pay equity issues.

Consider adopting the compression-based pay adjustments

- This will ensure employee compensation is aligned with experience and performance
- Alleviating compression will allow for enhanced flexibility when onboarding new employees

Annual Salary Actions

Budget for market competitive pay increases

Apply an adjustment factor to the salary structure to adjust the range parameters and step amounts.

This ensures that the new compensation system remains competitive for years to come.

- Minimums stay competitive to the market
- Maximums stay appropriate

CBIZ will provide salary structure update factors for up to five years.

CBIZ tracks data associated with cost of labor, not cost of living, changes.

Revisit every few years

Compare to market every three to five year.

Salary surveys measure the movement of salaries in the aggregate, but not all jobs move at the same pace.



